**Canada**

**Chapter 8: Canada Section 1: Physical Features**

List the only two physical features that separate Canada and the U.S.

**St. Lawrence River Niagara Falls**

Not including the two physical features listed in the previous question, list two additional physical features that Canada and the U.S. share.

**Rocky Mountains Great Lakes**

Why do you think there are no forests in the far north of Canada? (Explain your reasoning)

**Climate is too cold, covered with ice.**

What is responsible for temperatures in Canada usually being cool to freezing year-round?

**Located in or near the Arctic Circle, far from the equator**

Which area of Canada is generally the warmest? (Be specific)

**Along the coast of British Columbia**

What makes the Grand Banks such a good area for fishing? (Provide details)

**Cold water from Labrador Sea meets warm water of Gulf Stream. Ideal for growth of plankton that attract huge schools of fish**

Where are a lot of Canada’s minerals found? How would you describe this area location on a map? (look at map on page 173)

**The Canadian Shield - it is rocky with uplands, lakes and swamps**

What is pulp? What is it made from? And what is it used for?

**Softened wood fibers made from trees, used for newsprint and paper**

**Chapter 8: Canada Section 2: History and Culture**

How did the native Inuit people adapt to areas where farming was impossible?

**They hunted seals, whales, and walruses**

Although the Vikings visited Canada, what was the first European country to successfully settle in Canada?

**France**

In the United States we have ‘administrative divisions’ called STATES. What do they call ‘administrative divisions’ in Canada?

**Provinces**

How did Canadians create a nation from sea to sea?

**Joining BC with eastern Canada through Canadian Pacific RR**

According to the pie chart on page 179, what two European countries did most Canadians descendant’s come from?

**British Isles France**

Which Canadian province was the first to have a large Asian minority?

**British Columbia**

After World War Two where did many immigrants settle?

**Large cities such as Toronto**

Why have many Canadians recently moved from farms to cities?

**To find jobs, better climate and location near resources**

**Chapter 8: Canada Section 3: Canada Today**

What are the 4 regions in Canada?

**Eastern Provinces Heartland Western Provinces Canadian North**

What is Regionalism?

**Strong connection people have toward the region they live in**

Describe a problem that REGIONALISM has created between the province of Quebec and the rest of Canada.

**People can be connected to their region more than their country. People in Quebec want to be recognized for their culture. Wants to be an independent country**

Why are the Eastern Provinces considered MARITIME provinces?

**Lies on the Atlantic Coast**

In which two provinces do more than half of all Canadians live, and what is this region called?

**Provinces: Quebec and Ontario Region: The Heartland**

Which Canadian city is one of the largest French-speaking cities in the world? What province is it in?

**City: Montreal Province: Quebec**

In what industry to most Canadians work?

**Services**

Why do you think the United States is Canada’s biggest trading partner?

**Location**

What are 3 things that Canada has in common with the United States? (not physical features)

**Government structure, Similar colonial history, Border, and Same Language**

List 4 facts that you learned about Canada that you did not know before.

**Answers will vary**