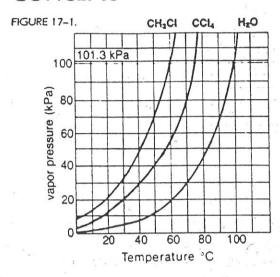
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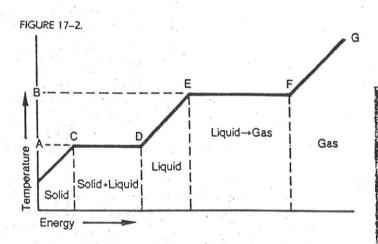
REVIEW

CHAPTER 14



CONCEPTS





Use Figure 17-1 to answer the following questions.

1. When the atmospheric pressure exerted on the surface of CHCl₃ is 101.3 kPa, what will be the boiling point?

75°0

(00°

2. What is the normal boiling point for CCL?

30 KPa

3. What is the pressure when water boils at 70°C?

H20

4. Which liquid on the chart has molecules that exert the strongest attractive forces on each other?

T

5. Increasing the temperature usually causes the vapor pressure to increase. True or False?

CH3 CL

6. Which of the liquids in Figure 17-1 would be the easiest to evaporate?

Use Figure 17-2 to answer the following questions.

7. Identify the point on the graph where each of the following occurs.

a. melting begins

b. freezing begins

E

c. boiling begins

_____F

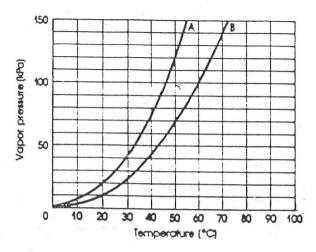
d. condensation begins



8. As the substance goes from D to C, it gives off heat. True or False?
9. Why does the temperature remain constant during a phase change from E to F?

energy used to break attractions

Use the graph below to answer each of the following questions:



1. Which substance A or B is the most volatile? A

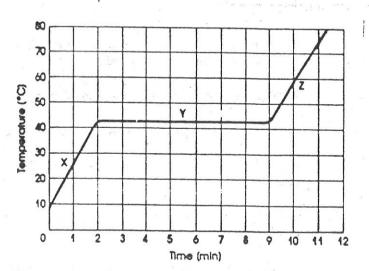
2. What does it mean for a substance to be volatile? evaporates easily

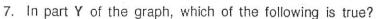
3. What is the boiling point of substance B at an atmospheric pressure of 70 kPa?

Which substance A or B has strongest intermolecular forces?

4. Which substance A or B has strongest intermolecular forces?
 5. The vapor pressures on this graph are measured at equilibrium. Explain what this term means. Exp = Cond
 6. If both substances are at 60 °C which has the highest kinetic energy (KE)? Samo

Use the graph below to answer questions 7 - 9:





a ice melts

b. the KE is increasing

c. the molecules are using KE to change state

d. none of the above

8. Identify the processe(s) which could be represented as the substance moves from

X-->Y-->Z

a. boiling

b. melting

c. freezing

d. both a and b

e. none of these

9. What is happening to KE during the Z part of the graph?

increasing

10. Liquids boil when _____

a. the temperature equals 100°C

b. evaporation = condensation

c. atmospheric pressure is < 101kPa

(d) vapor pressure = atmospheric pressure

11. True of False.) Water will only evaporate when its boiling point temperature is reached.